

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1913

NO. 33

How to Build Up or Tear Down This Community

By J. O. LEWIS

The Farmer and the Merchant.

THERE can be no doubt that the prosperity of the country—the entire people—is based on the quantity of produce RAISED ON THE FARMS, and no other one thing so seriously affects the business interests of the country as a general crop failure. If the crops are generally good throughout the country and happen to be a failure in one particular locality the merchants are not dependent on the home farmer, but can have his goods, produce, etc., shipped in from other sections and thus supply the demand of his customers, while, on the other hand, THE FARMER IS ALWAYS DEPENDENT ON HIS HOME MERCHANTS—the town or city which is his marketing place—and the home banks for the handling and disposition of his products.

THE MERCHANT NEVER BUYS HIS PRODUCE, HAY AND GRAIN FROM OUTSIDE POINTS WHEN HE CAN GET THEM FROM THE FARMER, BUT THAT THE FARMER IS GIVEN LARGELY TO THE PRACTICE OF ORDERING MANY OF HIS NEEDS FROM STORES IN OTHER CITIES, MORE PARTICULARLY THE LARGE MAIL ORDER HOUSES, IS A WELL KNOWN FACT.

Not a day passes that goods of almost every description, from soaps to farm implements, including gasoline engines, manure spreaders, seed planters, cream separators, cooking stoves and ranges, clothing, groceries and what not, are seen in our depots and express offices addressed to local farmers.

MR. FARMER, DO YOU THINK IT RIGHT TO COME TO TOWN WITH A LOAD OF PRODUCE AND SELL IT TO THE MERCHANTS OF YOUR MARKET PLACE AND THEN TAKE THE MONEY HE PAYS YOU AND SEND IT TO SOME MAIL ORDER HOUSE AND BUY GOODS THAT YOU COULD BUY JUST AS CHEAPLY AT HOME AS FROM A MAIL ORDER HOUSE AND HAVE THE FURTHER SATISFACTION OF SEEING WHAT YOU BUY?

You may say, "Oh, well, I sold my butter and eggs to the groceryman, but he doesn't handle clothing!" Yes; but, my farmer friend, if the clothing man does not sell his clothing he must go out of business, and the groceryman loses a good customer, his business is curtailed, and he then must needs buy less of your produce. You are just as much in duty bound to buy your clothing, your hardware, your farm tools and other necessities from your home market as if these merchants all dealt in your wares first hand.

THESE VARIOUS BUSINESSES ARE INTERLOCKING AND INTERDEPENDENT, AND ON THEIR SUCCESS DEPENDS YOUR SUCCESS.

A certain good farmer in this county ordered a corn planter from a mail order house and, owing to delays in freights, did not get his planter in time to do his planting while a good spell of weather was on. However, it finally came. He got it to the farm, set it up and started in with his planting. Through carelessness or oversight a small gravel got in one of the holes through which the corn drops and there lodged, with the result that the plate was broken. This put the planter out of commission. The farmer had to stop his corn planting and come to town to see if he could get another plate. He called on the hardware stores and implement dealers, but as none of them carried these mail order house planters in stock he could find no plate, and the final result was he was forced to follow the plow and drop his corn by hand. Had he purchased his planter from a home merchant he could easily have got the necessary repairs and not been delayed. It certainly was more costly to the farmer than if he had paid his home implement dealer many dollars more. Furthermore, the implement dealer had been buying corn every season from this farmer who bought his planter from a mail order house.

Every dollar you send to a mail order house is taken out of local circulation entirely, and the good of it is lost forever. IT HURTS YOU IN THE LONG RUN just as much as any one. Therefore, before you order anything else from out of your home town go to town and see if you can find what you want, or if you can't get to town telephone a merchant, and if it is a small package he will send it out by parcel post. If it isn't satisfactory send it back. Merchants guarantee the goods they sell just as well as mail order houses. There is not a local merchant who will not treat you right. Give him a chance and he will appreciate it.

To be continued under the title, "THE STRENGTH OF THE WHEEL."

Local Happenings in Brief

A. Hynding has been quite ill for some time.

Mrs. Huber is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. Money.

Mrs. Delia Harrington is having her hotel renovated.

Mrs. H. G. Plymire and son spent Tuesday in San Jose.

Charles O'Rourke has returned from a week's visit to San Jose.

Mrs. P. Lind and children and Mrs.

H. Abeling returned from Mill Valley Tuesday.

Born—In this city, August 14th, to the wife of Wm. Lane a girl.

John Bowler left Tuesday for Vallejo. He will visit his uncle for two weeks.

Miss Nancy Bissett is enjoying two weeks' vacation in South San Francisco.

Manuel Monize has brightened up his pool and billiard parlor by having it repapered.

D. O. Daggett returned Wednesday from Saratoga where he has been spending several weeks.

Several stock sheds are being erected by the Western Meat Company opposite the packing house.

Miss Mary Costa was taken to the Red Cross Hospital last Monday and operated on for appendicitis.

Miss Molley Cavassa, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. Cavassa, returned to her home Thursday.

Mrs. O. H. Dahl is having her lot at the southeast corner of Grand and Magnolia avenues filled to grade.

Mr. and Mrs. McArthur and children left last Saturday for a two weeks' visit at Woodside and Pacific Grove.

Martin Petrowsky was downtown this morning for the first time since breaking his ankle twelve weeks ago.

Sam Keissling returned Sunday from San Gregorio, where he had been spending a week hunting and fishing.

Dr. J. C. McGovern, wife and children, returned Monday from Santa Cruz, where they have been spending two weeks.

The Misses Scott, of Denver, Colorado, were week-end guests of Mrs. Wm. Winterhalter. They are making a tour of the state.

The South San Francisco Water Company is extending the water main on California avenue to the east side of Division street.

A derrick and engine has been set up on Railroad avenue by Bates, Borland & Ayer to unload gravel from cars for street work.

Miss Estelle Nace, who has been visiting Mrs. A. Hynding for the past five weeks, returned to her home in Santa Clara Sunday.

Roy McCullar, who has been here for Bates, Borland & Ayer, several months, has been transferred to their San Francisco office.

The work of macadamizing Divi-

sion street commenced this week. Division street has been closed from Grand avenue to Miller avenue.

Mrs. C. W. Fox and daughter, Martha, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Brown for two weeks, left Friday for their home in Taft.

A. Swanson and wife, pioneers of South San Francisco, were visitors here last Sunday. Mr. Swanson was the original owner of the Central Hotel.

Floyd Menzie and Elmer Welcher have purchased lot 25 in block 118, with improvements from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company.

The city board of trustees has been in session this week as a board of equalization. No material changes have been made in assessed valuations determined upon by it.

A. Voss and E. Fourcans returned last Sunday from their hunting trip. They captured some big game, as was evidenced by the venison received by several friends in South San Francisco.

Mrs. Annie Ahkman and daughters of San Francisco were visitors to this city last Monday looking after her property interests. Her husband, who died several years ago, conducted one of the pioneer hotels in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Dahl (nee Michenfelder) expect to leave South San Francisco about September 1st for Fruitvale, where they will make their home in the future. Mrs. Dahl has resided here many years and her friends will regret her leaving this place.

Girls wanting work, apply at once, to the packing department of the Leslie Salt Refining Company, at Leslie. S. P. trains stop morning and evening. Low commutation rates from all points.

NO BIDS RECEIVED FOR SEWER BONDS

The city board of trustees met in the city hall last Monday night in adjourned session.

A communication was received from Treasurer C. L. Kauffmann, who is still ill in Southern California, asking for a ninety days' extension to his leave of absence.

The extension was granted.

No bids were received for the \$50,000 issue for sewer bonds asked for by the board.

On that account it was decided to return all bids for constructing the system to the contractors—eleven, in all.

An effort is now being made to dis-

pose of the bonds. When they are sold the board will readvertise for bids to do the work.

Several claims against the city were allowed and ordered paid.

Adjournment was taken to next Monday evening.

Wanted—Girl for cooking and general housework; four in family. Write Mrs. S. Leopold, 39 13th avenue, San Mateo. Advt.

First-class table board can be had at Mrs. M. Bragard's, 416 Baden avenue. Advt.

For Sale—Plymouth Rock and White Leghorn hens. Mrs. J. H. New, Peck's addition. Advt.

Men's 56 cent Quality Brand Neck wear. At Schneider's. Advt.

ST. MICHAEL'S LABOR DAY PICNIC

The talk of San Mateo county now is mostly about the great St. Michael's Labor Day picnic to be held at Tanager Park on Monday, September 1st. It seems as if everybody is going. Many tickets have been sold. The programs are being printed, as usual, at this office and will be first class. Games and pleasures of all kinds are in course of preparation. Ice-cream, cake, candy and other nice things to suit the most fastidious tastes will be served by the ladies during the day.

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars.

We Have Our
290,000
Satisfied
Customers

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It isn't so much of an effort to get customers as it is to hold them. The efficiency of "Pacific Service" gets us customers. Our unfailing courtesy, never-ending efforts to please and maintaining a high efficiency service holds them. Are you one of our satisfied customers?

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SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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W. H. COFFINBERRY, President

H. L. HAAKER, Ass't Cashier

South San Francisco

Railroad Time Table

June 8, 1918.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:18 A. M.
7:40 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:04 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:44 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 A. M.
9:53 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
11:13 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
1:07 P. M.
3:04 P. M.
3:41 P. M.
5:14 P. M.
5:28 P. M.
7:03 P. M.
7:26 P. M.
11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:02 A. M.
7:22 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:23 A. M.
10:58 A. M.
11:58 A. M.
1:37 P. M.
(Saturday only)
2:22 P. M.
(Sunday only)
2:29 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
3:17 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:24 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
5:58 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
8:27 P. M.
10:22 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.
North, 8:03 a. m.
South, 11:57 a. m.
North, 12:13 p. m.
South, 2:18 p. m.
North, 3:41 p. m.
North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.
North, 11:57 a. m.
South, 12:13 p. m.
North, 2:18 p. m.
South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelly, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, E. N. Brown.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Helner
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
John F. Davis
Constables.....Jas. C. Wallace
J. H. Parker

Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

MANY MEASURES
ARE NOW LAWSOf the 699 Approved 686
Have Become Effective

Six hundred and eighty-six of the 699 bills passed at the last legislative session and approved by Governor Johnson, became law at midnight, August 10th, the expiration of the ninety-day period provided in the State Constitution for the exercise of the referendum. Several of the 686 new laws will not become operative until 1914, or even later, because of provisions in the acts themselves designating some future date. An overwhelming majority of the lot, however, become effective one minute after midnight, August 10th.

Eight of the 686 acts approved were passed as extraordinary measures during the session, and became effective at once. Another, the Gettysburg appropriation bill, passed as an emergency act, was declared unconstitutional. Four other measures, the "red, light abatement," "water commission," "non-sale of game" and "blue sky" are to be held up until the next general election for submission to the people.

Bills that have already become effective are: The \$12,999,600 general appropriation bill; revenue and taxation bill; the bill creating a rural credit investigating commission and other emergency appropriation bills.

Of the bills which became laws August 10th, the alien land law, the mothers' and teachers' pension acts, the Carr-Benedict "unfair" competition bill and the weights and measures act are attracting probably the greatest general interest.

The mothers' pension law provides for State aid to widows and orphaned children amounting to \$12 a month upon application by the county boards to the State Board of Control. The administrative machinery for carrying out this act lies with the Control Board, which also is clothed with authority to compel counties to care for orphans and half-orphans.

The teachers' pension act provides a pension of \$500 a year for those who have taught in California schools for a period of thirty years. To be eligible to a pension a teacher must have taught during the last school year for at least two months. The Board of Education is authorized to prepare rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of the law.

The "unfair compensation" act is aimed primarily at monopolies. It provides that no commodity may be sold cheaper in one place in California than in another, after equalizing the cost of transportation and distribution to the consumer. Imprisonment and a heavy fine are provided for a violation of the measure. In the case of a corporation the officials are liable.

The weights and measures law is an enabling act providing the machinery with which to operate the constitutional amendment adopted by the people in 1910. A superintendent of weights and measures is created, who is authorized to establish a standard set of weights and measures and look after the enforcement of the law. Publicity is the weapon which the Legislature has provided the superintendent. Twenty-five thousand dollars is provided for the purchase of standard sets of weights and measures.

The creation of a civil service commission and the clarification of election laws comprise the chief changes of interest in the administration of the State government.

The chief progressive governmental law that becomes effective is that which provides for the election of United States Senators by the people. The amendment to the primary laws providing for "non-partisan" city and county elections and lowering the percentage of signatures required to secure a new party a place on the ballot, comprise the principal changes over the old law.

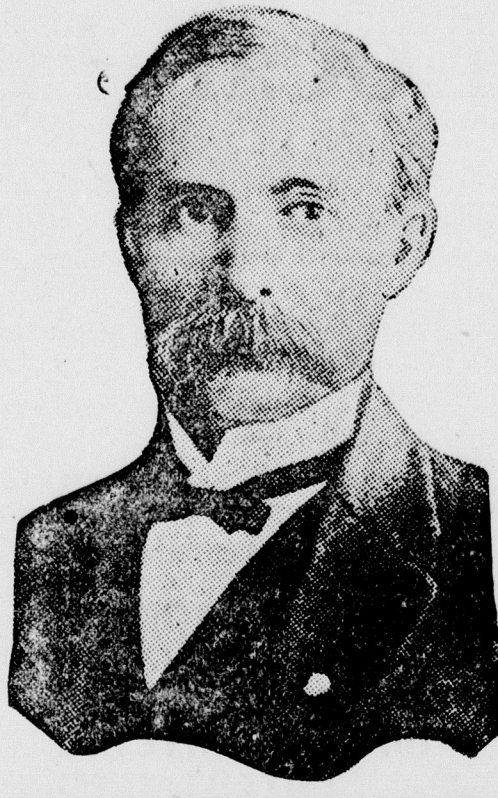
The following important laws from the Legislature and executive:

"Extension of eight-hour law to student nurses; eight hours for minors; regulating hours of trainmen; regulating the employment of children; sanitation in camps; sterilization of wiping rags; compulsory scaffolding; compelling employers to advertise a strike where labor is wanted; enlarging the powers of the State Labor Commissions; regulation of employment agencies; full crew bill; factory inspection."

Of the so-called humanitarian laws, the following are the most important and provide: For the abolition of the strait jacket in prisons; regulation of tenement house construction; regulating practice of medicine; requiring the registration of nurses; creating a tuberculosis bureau; raising the age

ANTHONY CAMINETTI.

Immigration Official In California's White Slave Scandal.



or consent to 18; prohibiting the destruction of foodstuffs; cosmopolitan schools in cities for teaching German, French, Italian and Spanish; "2 to 6 a. m. saloon closing law; Immigration Commission to adequately handle thousands of aliens expected in 1915; Industrial Accident Commission to administer the liability insurance of the State; Minimum Wage Commission; providing indemnity of \$50,000 for erroneous conviction and incarceration; requiring fathers to support their illegitimate children.

The revamping of the "public utilities" act and the enlargement of the powers of the banks, building and loan and labor commissioners are some of the new laws of interest to the business world.

MISS WARRINGTON
TELLS HER STORYLove for Former State Architect
Gave Her Faith

Showing abundant evidence of the great strain under which she was laboring, but still collected enough to give direct answers to the questions asked of her, Marsha Warrington began in the United States District Court in San Francisco the recital of the tale which is expected to play such an important part in the trial of Maury I. Diggs for violation of the white slave act.

For an hour and a half the young woman sat in the witness chair and replied steadily to the questions by which Assistant Attorney-General Theodore Roche drew from her the story of her first acquaintance and friendship with Diggs, the course of intimidation by which she swore that the former State architect and his chum, Caminetti, induced her and Lola Norris to elope with them, of the preparations for the runaway and of the fateful journey to Reno on the morning of March 10th.

Her voice was low and her words indistinct, so that the attorneys had to draw very near to catch her utterances, but she had her facts well in mind, and in most instances answered promptly and directly the questions put. It was only when Roche sought to draw from her the details of the occupancy of the Pullman drawing-room by the two couples that she faltered. She recovered quickly, and in almost inaudible voice gave the necessary replies.

Roche was considerate, and Miss Warrington was not compelled to testify to the details of her alleged intimacy with Diggs. After it was over and court had adjourned, she almost collapsed, but under the ministrations of her sister, Mrs. S. H. Haley, and her cousin, Mrs. C. W. Ayres, she was able in a few minutes to leave the courtroom.

Garbed in a simple black and white checked tailored suit, with a hat trimmed with a band of black veiling, and wearing a heavy veil, Miss Warrington came quickly through the audience, escorted by Marshal Elliot. She took the stand without removing her veil, and except when she answered a question put to her by Judge Van Fleet, kept her eyes fixed upon the floor in front of her chair. While Diggs and his partner, Drew Caminetti, moved nearer and kept their eyes fixed upon the witness in the effort to catch her words, she never allowed herself to look at them.

Against the strenuous objection of Attorney Nat Coghlan, who now replaces Robert T. Davlin as prose-

NEW AUTOMOBILE
AND MOTORCYCLE
LAW IN EFFECT

The new state law passed by the last legislature for the regulation of automobiles and motorcycles provides that all automobiles must pay an annual license tax which varies according to the horsepower of the machine. The minimum tax is \$10 per annum.

The moneys derived from the automobile tax will be turned over to the state and county road funds and will be used solely for maintenance. It is estimated that the tax will yield a revenue of \$375,000 a year which will be applied to the maintenance of the state highways.

The new law also changes the speed limit from twenty to thirty miles an hour and the age limit for drivings of cars is sixteen. It provides a jail sentence for the third offense of speeding.

Automobiles are required to show both front and rear numbers instead of only the rear as heretofore. All drivers must secure licenses, and professional chauffeurs will be required to get a renewal each year. Motorcycles are required to carry tail lights as well as front ones, and must pay an annual license.

One of the best features of the new law is, the provision prohibiting the use of "cutout" within the limits of incorporated cities and towns. Nobody may now "open the muffler" except on country roads.

examiner for the defense, Miss Warrington was permitted to tell the jury that she had been motherless since she was 5 years old. She had known Diggs, she said, since last September, and Caminetti since the middle of October. She and Lola Norris had known each other for several years. Under the questioning of Special Prosecutor Rooche, and with few interruptions from Attorney Coghlan for the defense, the girl told her story.

NEW PARCEL RATES
BECOME EFFECTIVEChamber of Commerce Sends
Information

The transportation department of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce has sent to the members of the chamber an announcement of the new parcel post rates, which become effective Friday, August 15th, accompanied by a bulletin giving in detail the increased allowance of weight and rates in zones 1 and 2, and defining the same by offering a list of the cities and towns incorporated in the zones. An air-line "block" radius of 150 miles from San Francisco will be the only territory affected; that is, there will be no change in zones 3 to 8. The new schedule, as arranged by the Chamber of Commerce, indicates that the weight limit is increased from eleven to twenty pounds, with rates in most instances materially reduced. To all postoffices in the first zone, except those in the City and County of San Francisco, and to all postoffices in the second zone there will be but one scale of rates. It is shown that the rate in the first and second zones under the new schedule is twenty pounds for 24 cents. There is a reduction in the first and second zones of 31 cents on eleven pounds.

Sacramento has been chosen as the distribution center of parcel post matter consigned to Central and Northern California and as a center for the parcel business originating in the districts fed through the Sacramento office. The establishment of an office there will facilitate the handling of parcel post packages, as it will be taken from the railway mail service

lines and re-routed. The office will be opened about September 1st. It will require the services of about thirty clerks.

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EXPRESSAGE

KAUFFMANN BROS.

Light and Heavy Hauling promptly attended to. Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Railroads, Hotels, Residences, Etc., at reasonable rates.

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Fresh Fruit Daily Quick Delivery

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APPLY TO

South San Francisco Land & Improvement Co

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city. The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

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USE

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It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
 under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months ".....1 00
Three Months ".....50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank

SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1913

HOME-OWNERSHIP.

In our last issue we advocated home-ownership from the standpoint of its benefits to the community at large.

To-day we address the individual, the workingman, the tenant, who should become a freeholder. If we can succeed in arousing an interest among the workingmen of this city, upon the subject of building and owning their homes, we are sure we shall have accomplished something of far greater value to those who eat the bread of honest toil, than can possibly be effected through any scheme of political or other reform, proposed or devised for their benefit.

Our aim is not only to arouse interest, but in doing this, to convince the worker, that the first duty he owes to his family, is to own his and their home.

Among the many sound reasons in favor of home-ownership, one of first importance, is the fact that the ownership of a home acts as an anchor to prevent drifting and to hold the worker steadfast to one place.

This means an end to the loss of time, waste of money and sacrifice of personal goods, involved in moving from place to place, whether for a short or great distance.

It means the probability of steady employment in the same place, bringing increased chances for promotion with better wages.

It may mean, not only the enjoyment of a home of his own, but in the course of time, entrance into a business of his own and the passing from employee to employer.

A man without a home of his own is like the ship in mid-ocean without chart, compass or rudder, he drifts wherever the currents of chance or the winds of circumstance may carry him, his voyage of life without plan or purpose, and never a home, save at the very end, in that low and narrow house where mortal man crumbles into loveless dust.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week

Dress Shirts for Men, Arrow Brand, \$1.50. At Schneider's. Advt.

Subscribe for THE ENTERPRISE.



DOINGS OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The board of directors of the local Chamber of Commerce met in regular session in the city hall last Wednesday night. There was a good attendance.

A communication was received from the Federated Improvement Clubs of San Bruno on the subject of endeavoring to have passenger rates on the San Mateo electric suburban line reduced. The secretary was directed to acknowledge receipt of the communication.

A communication was received from the San Mateo County Development Association requesting that two delegates be appointed by the chamber to attend a conference in San Mateo on August 19th of delegates from similar bodies and fraternal orders throughout the county when arrangements will be made to take part in the Portola Festival to be held in San Francisco next October. A. McSweeney and E. I. Woodman were appointed to serve.

The date of the contest of selecting a suitable slogan for this city was extended to Wednesday, September 17th. All residents of this city are eligible to enter the contest and have the opportunity of winning \$15, the prize.

The publicity committee was given further time to report on the cost of constructing two advertising signs near the Southern Pacific station in this city.

President Scott and W. H. Coffin were selected to investigate into the cost of removing and using the Western Meat Co.'s high sign near Baden crossing.

The secretary was directed to send a letter to this city board of trustees protesting against granting to the Pacific Gas and Electric Co. permission to make any future extension of its electric lines or gas mains in this city until it had moved its present gas mains from streets that are to be permanently improved to the alleys.

Adjournment was taken to next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT BODY

The students of the South San Francisco high school held a meeting at 3 o'clock last Wednesday afternoon, with Principal Geo. E. Britton acting as temporary chairman, for the purpose of organizing a student body.

The meeting was called to order, and after a few preliminary remarks by Mr. Britton, Rueben Smith was elected president and Helen Carmody secretary.

Blue and gold were selected as the high school colors.

The following students were selected as a committee to prepare a suitable constitution: Helen Carmody, Dan Lawlor and Erwin Reichardt.

SERVICES AT THE METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, August 17th. Sunday school 10:30 a. m. Mrs. J. H. Lewis, acting superintendent. Senior Epworth League, 7:00 p. m. William H. Veit, president. Topic for devotional meeting, "Our Neglected Neighborhoods." The pastor will preach at 7:45 on a live topic: "The Influence of the Home in Present Day Life." Everybody invited. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7:45. Junior League meets at 3:30 Friday afternoons. On Thursday evening, August 28th, the Senior Epworth League will give its monthly social in Guild Hall.

No Wind or Weather

Can harm the complexion, treated with our soaps, creams and face powders. For they give health, vigor and daintiness to the skin, removing all dirt, all effects of sun, wind or rain. To use them is to assure the performance of every woman's duty, which is to look and to stay beautiful.

SOUTH CITY PHARMACY,

San Bruno South San Francisco
Phone Main 162 Phone Main 82

\$519,773.28 FOR IMPROVEMENTS IN THIS CITY

Street improvements in this city have started in earnest and will continue for several months to come.

The city board of trustees has awarded a contract to the Federal Construction Company of San Francisco to improve Grand avenue, over a mile in length with a concrete asphalt pavement, to cost \$55,773.28. The South San Francisco Railroad and Power Company is reconstructing its electric railroad in that avenue with heavy rails and modern roadbed at a cost of \$55,000. When completed it is understood that a fifteen minute schedule will be started.

Besides these improvements, Miller and Baden avenues are being paved their full length with oiled macadam and cement sidewalks and gutters laid, which will cost \$80,000. The South San Francisco Water Company will expend \$30,000 during the next few months in laying new water mains and generally extending its system. Water and gas mains are being moved from streets that are to be improved to the alleys. Sewers will also be located in alleys.

Bids for the purchase of \$50,000 worth of sewer bonds have been advertised for. Soon as the bonds are sold, bids will be asked to construct the system.

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company has authorized the expenditure of \$200,000 for the construction of modern bungalows in this city.

A summary of expenditures to be made in South San Francisco during the next twelve months is as follows:

New bungalows, \$200,000; Miller and Baden avenues, \$80,000; sanitary sewer system, \$50,000; Grand avenue, \$55,773.28; South San Francisco Railroad and Power Company, \$55,000; San Bruno avenue, \$50,000; Division street, \$20,000; storm sewer, \$30,000. Total, \$519,773.28.

COUNTY NOTES

Died, in Redwood City, August 8th, 1913, Cornelia S. Hayward, wife of B. Hayward, mother of C. D. Hayward, Mrs. D. E. Moore and Mrs. W. L. Ray. A native of Vermont, aged 82 years, 11 months and 8 days. Interment was made at Pescadero Sunday, August 10, at 2 p. m.

The Emporium of San Francisco has brought an action against the City of Burlingame to test a recent ordinance that places a license tax on all outside wagons and vehicles delivering goods in town. The driver of the Emporium wagon was arrested last month under the provisions of the ordinance. The plaintiff asks for a restraining order preventing any further arrests of its employees until such time as the validity of the law may be tested in the Superior Court.

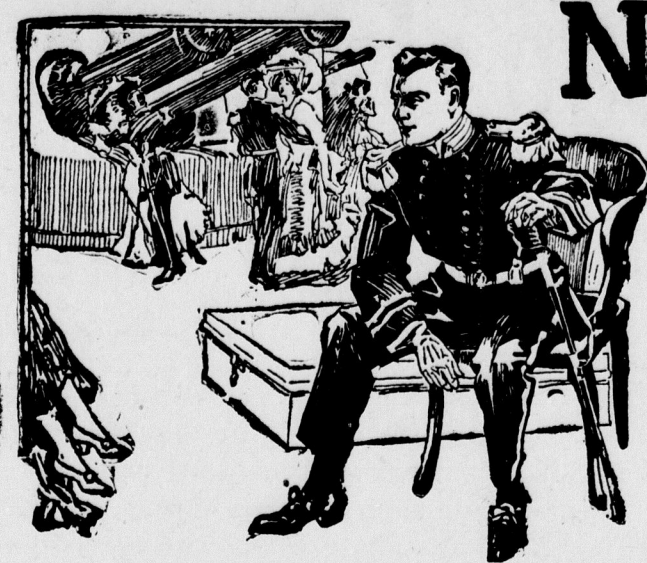
The American Bonding Company of Baltimore, through its attorney, J. W. Coleberd of South San Francisco, has petitioned the superior court to be released on the bond of W. H. Reed, administrator of the estate of James Reed, deceased. The bond is \$35,000 and the company in its petition states that it wishes to be released from the responsibility on account of future acts of said administrator. The company has been on the bond since February 29, 1912. Reed has been cited to appear on August 14th and relieve the company of any further responsibility.

THE SOLANO IRRIGATED FARMS

Nearly two score guests have received formal invitations to accompany the Solano Farms directors in the private car tendered by the Oakland and Antioch Railway officials for the opening excursion to Solano City. The trip will mark the running of the first electric train on the other side of the straits over the new road.

The advance demand for lots in the new city by mail, by telephone and in person at the general sales office, San Francisco, Thursday, caused the sales managers to double their prediction of the size of the opening sale.

M. W. Downar of this city was a



Worn by navy men on all occasions and in all places. Notaseme hosiery has been admired and has given good service in every important port of the world.

NOTASEME

(Perfect Process)

Silk-Lisle Hosiery

Wears like "Sixty"
Looks like "Fifty"
Costs but Twenty-five

Every penny you pay for Notaseme Hosiery goes into the quality and workmanship.

Exclusive treatments which, in combination, form the NOTASEME PERFECT PROCESS, effect this superiority.

NOTASEME 4-ply cable-twist heels and toes, though soft and flexible, are of amazing long wear.

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE

South San Francisco

FOR SALE on EASY TERMS

Choice Residence Lots

Will Build to Suit Purchaser Terms Like Rent

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance
Postoffice Building South San Francisco

visitor to the Solano Irrigated Farms and predicts a great future for that farming district.

Men's Monarch Brand Dress Shirts, \$1.00. At Schneider's. Advt.

BADEN STOCK FARM

E. N. BROWN, Prop.

One Thousand White Leghorn Pullets, Three Months Old, For Sale.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administratrix at the office of "The Enterprise", 312 Linden avenue, South San Francisco, California, which said office the undersigned selects as her place of business in all matters connected with said estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased.

MINA LOOMIS, Administratrix of the estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased.
Dated, South San Francisco, August 16, 1913. 8-16-5t

HOTELS

Linden Hotel

WOLGEVEN & FENGER, Props.

206-210 Linden Avenue
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of

New Spring Styles

—OF—

L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas
SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store

"THE HUB"

Cleaning and Dye Works

Suits and Garments Repaired

313-315 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—

METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE,

No. 376, E. & A. M.,

meets at Metropolitan

Hall first Friday every

month for Stated meetings.

E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master.

J. G. WALKER, Secretary.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, No.

850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHER-

HOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Mon-

days in Lodge Hall.

MARY E. BOHN, President.

VIOLA R. WOOD, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No.

111, I. O. R. M., meets

every Thursday evening

at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan

Hall. Visiting Bros.

welcome.

B. BAGGENSTOS, Sachem.

G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473,

F. O. E., meets every Tues-

day evening in Metropolitan Hall

at 8 p. m. T. C. MCGOVERN,

Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese

Secretary. Visiting brothers wel-

come.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7,

JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS,

P. and B. A., meets every

1st and 3d Mondays in the

Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. HEDLUND, President

C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. W. COLEBERD

Attorney at Law

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

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Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.

405 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco, Cal

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OFFICE: South San Francisco
Kauffmann Building San Mateo Co.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE Surgeon

Office. Hours
500 Grand Avenue 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

MANY STUDENTS SEEK EMPLOYMENT

Would Work Their Way Through State University

Future judges, lawyers, doctors, business men and scientists who are now students at the State University are willing to work as cooks, table waiters, grass cutters, lawn sprinklers, weed pullers, dishwashers or chore boys for a little of the coin of the realm which will assist them in working their way through college.

Because scores of freshmen have already written to the University seeking an opportunity to earn their way through college, the University has issued an appeal to the people of the bay cities to assist wherever possible by offering employment to these ambitious youths, and in many cases young women. Aiming to satisfy the needs of as many as possible, an employment bureau has been established at the president's office.

According to figures on the campus, more than a third of the students earn their way through college. Among the hundreds of positions found for them last year were driving delivery wagons, caring for gardens, horses or automobiles, serving as cooks, waiters and dishwashers in boarding houses and in private families, working as clerks, bookkeepers or stenographers, playing the piano for dances, singing in church choirs, caring for the sick or crippled, private tutoring and other forms of teaching.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

The body of Joseph Temelka of San Francisco, drowned in Clear Lake, was recovered by the use of dynamite.

Last month was a record-breaker both in the number of school textbooks manufactured in the State printing plant and in the number of books distributed free to the school children of the State.

A daring method is being used by a gang of daylight burglars now operating in the Mission district, San Francisco. The scheme is to lock the landlord or landlady up and then proceed to ransack the rooms in a thorough and leisurely manner.

Statistics for California for 1912, in comparison with the average for 1907 to 1911, show decreases in the proportion of marriages which were the first plunge into matrimony for one or both parties, either groom or bride or both of them being single. The figures were compiled by G. D. Leslie, statistician of the State Board of Health.

With the commencement of university work but three weeks off, the members of the Stanford sororities have already promulgated a set of regulations which are to govern the "rushing" of freshmen girls by the various Greek letter organizations. No sorority is to be allowed to entertain any prospective sisters until a week after registration is completed.

That the secret behind the wholesale incorporation of Japanese-owned land since the alien law was passed is to insure ownership of land in California until the younger Japanese born in this country are entitled to citizenship privileges under the Fourteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution, is the claim of Assemblyman Hugh B. Bradford of Sacramento, author of the alien bills that passed the lower house of the Legislature.

On account of the press feeders' strike the city government of San Francisco is unable to obtain blank pay rolls and pay checks with the union label, since the printing houses which have contracts with the city are involved in the strike, and the right to use the union label has been withdrawn from them. A resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors fourteen years ago requires that all city printing shall bear the union label.

In order to remove the only obstacle in the way of obtaining his parole, George D. Collins, bigamist attorney of San Francisco, now serving a fourteen-year term in San Quentin for perjury, moved through his attorneys for dismissal of an indictment for bigamy still pending on the calendar of Superior Judge Lawlor's court. Before Collins, who has been in prison since July, 1909, can ask for parole, he must have the charge pending against him removed.

The Japanese natives in little fishing boats that have been crossing the Pacific from the coast of Japan with such frequency of late, are entitled to be dubbed the "hard-luck boys." After the capture of a few boatloads and an inspection of their craft, the immigration authorities marvel at their recklessness. An examination of their boat

FRATERNAL ORDERS

The Fraternal Brotherhood.

Our new officers have entered upon their duties with an energy that promises well for the future of our lodge.

Friends had been invited to come at the close of the business session, on last Monday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent and refreshments served. At the Supreme Lodge session which was held in June, a new accident certificate was adopted which provides for a benefit of \$10 per week for twenty weeks in case of injury, or \$1500 paid to the beneficiary in case of death from accident. In case of death from natural causes a funeral benefit of \$100 will be paid. In case of loss of sight or limbs amounts will be paid ranging from \$250 to \$600. This certificate is 50 cents per month and is issued independent, or may be carried with any of our life certificates. It is a good thing for everyone to carry.

A. A. Whitten.

I. O. F.

The Independent Order of Foresters gave a grand opening dance and entertainment August 12, in Metropolitan Hall. The affair was largely patronized by the social set of this city and a most enjoyable time was had. Dancing was the order of the evening and a delicious luncheon was served.

The several committees are to be complimented upon the success of the evening.

Brothers Murphy and Appel gave short and interesting talks on the work of the I. O. F. also the progress of the new Court Violet.

beached above Eureka a few days ago, shows it to be an abandoned fishing boat, so old that homemade wooden clamps were skewered to the sides to hold the planks together, and the only food on board was dried fish, the diet of Japanese coolies and fishermen.

With the California Apple Show and Festival of the Apple, in Watsonville, October 6th to 11th, but two months distant, the management of the show has reached a point in the perfection of the details of the big show that had not been attained last year as close as one month before the show. Already thirteen counties have announced that they will enter apple exhibits as against four at this time last year. These counties are Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Benito, Santa Clara, Butte, Riverside, Los Angeles, Humboldt, Mendocino, San Luis Obispo, El Dorado, Mariposa and San Bernardino.

Fire destroyed a portion of the business section of Porterville, with a loss estimated at \$85,000. The fire started in the building occupied by the Futrell Grocery Company. The quarters occupied by the telephone and telegraph companies were destroyed and the city was cut off from communication until late in the afternoon. The office and plant of the Porterville Messenger also were burned. Mrs. Nellie Burwell, night operator in the telephone office, remained at her post until she got a message through to Fresno, saying that the building was burning. When she abandoned her board the flames had invaded the operating room and were within a few feet of her.

California justices of the peace can no longer legally charge \$3 for performing a marriage ceremony, according to a ruling on file in Los Angeles in the office of the District Attorney. Section 4300-E of the political code, a bit of legislation enacted at the last session of the Legislature, makes no provision for the justices charging a fee for such a service. The District Attorney was asked for a ruling in the matter and decided that the magistrates could not ask money for having officiated at a wedding. Los Angeles justices said it made no difference to them—that they would merely suggest a fee or rely upon the bridegroom's joy at winning a wife.

Eighty per cent of the working girls of New York take home their sealed pay envelope to their parents.

For Sale—3-room house and 2 lots 3d addition, cash \$1800, or will consider terms; 5-room house and 2 lots, most-up-to-date house anywhere, price \$5500, \$1500 down, balance \$25 a month; 4-room house and lot in Belle Air, \$800, \$200 down, balance \$10 month, no interest; 2 lots in fourth addition for \$500, good location; 2 lots in 5th addition for \$500, good location, 4-room house, plastered, and 2 lots in Huntington Park, price \$1600, \$350 down, balance \$10 month. L. M. Pfluger, San Bruno. Adv.

Personal Adjustment Vs. Mail Adjustment



WHEN you buy goods of a mail order house you have to take such goods as may be sent to you. When you are dissatisfied you must make your complaint by mail. You know how unsatisfactory it is to write letters, you know the number of excuses that may be offered.

When you buy goods in our store you know exactly what you are getting. You see your purchase before you pay your money. And if there is any cause for dissatisfaction that develops later we are here to listen to your complaint and to adjust the difficulty. You don't have to write a letter and wait for a reply—you can look us squarely in the eye and talk as man to man.

Consider all these facts, compare prices and the conveniences we offer, then decide if it is or is not worth while to spend your money where you make it and with a concern that follows that plan. We want your trade, but we want it only because it is to your advantage in every way to do business with us.

We Can Supply Anything In Our Line You Can Get From a Mail Order House.

J. CARMODY, Up-to-Date Grocer

Phone Main 173.

315-317 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco, Cal.

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

L. Ruugard spent Tuesday in San Bruno.

Piano for sale cheap. Address P. O. Box 58. Adv.

Don't forget Tuesday evening, August 19th.

Mr. Custodio is building an addition to his place of business.

Mrs. Hubner, of Huntington Park, is very seriously ill at Madam Juille's sanitarium in Lomita Park. Later—Mrs. Hubner died last night at 8 o'clock. Arrangements will be made for the funeral when relatives are heard from.

Don't forget the whist party of the Yeomen Tuesday, August 26th, at eight p. m. in Green's Hall.

Mr. Mortensen is again enlarging the building he will open about the 1st as a first class restaurant.

Judge Davis will be away on his vacation until August 26th. Judge Lamb of Burlingame and Judge Johnson of Daly City will attend all court proceedings.

Mr. Harry Grady and daughter Helen returned Monday morning from a week-end visit with Mr. and Mrs. G. V. C. Bacon, near Sunnyvale. Mrs. Grady is very much enthused over ranch life.

Mrs. Homer Rhyme, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Hendricks, of third addition, left for Taft oilfields to join her husband. Mrs. Hendricks will spend the rest of this year in San Francisco.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Field, of Auburn, Indiana, a ten-pound girl. Mr. Field is the son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Field of Lomita Park. Ritchie Field has returned home from Indiana after two or three years absence.

Kenneth M. Green, who was a candidate for district attorney a couple years ago, was in San Bruno Wednesday. Mr. Green met with quite a serious accident almost a year ago and for ten months has been in the hospital.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8.15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Adv.

A. D. Jenevein, the proprietor of the Junction House, and family moved to-day to Burlingame. Mr. and Mrs. Jenevein came to San Bruno just thirty-six years ago and have witnessed the growth of San Bruno and have a great many friends here who regret their departure. Mr. Jenevein expects

in the near future to build a home on Jenevein avenue and will return to San Bruno to live.

Saturday evening, August 23d, The Woman's Improvement and Social Club will give a Calico Ball for the benefit of the fire protection of our town. You can help the cause along by attending on the 23d, in Green's Hall.

The residents of San Mateo avenue request the general public not to throw tin cans, papers and other unsightly articles in the ditch along the avenue, as it makes our principal street look like an alley instead of the main thoroughfare.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church held its annual election of officers last Wednesday in the church parlors. The following were elected for the next year beginning with September: President, Mrs. Field; first vice-president, Mrs. Beckner; second

vice-president, Mrs. Walsh; secretary, Mrs. Everts; treasurer, Mrs. Hake. The officers will be installed at the regular Tea on August 27th.

Last Saturday evening the Ladies' Aid Society gave a Cafeteria Dinner in the church parlors at 5.30, which was well attended. At eight p. m. an interesting program, which had been arranged by Miss Everts, was rendered and very much enjoyed.

The entertainment by the College of the Pacific Male Quartette for the M. E. Church, on Tuesday evening, August 19th, in Green's Hall, will be first class in every respect, different from any we have ever had in San Bruno, and should receive the patronage of all who wish to spend a pleasurable and very profitable evening. The ladies will serve ice-cream and cake, also cornucopias during the intermission, and at the close of the entertainment. You can help by being present Tuesday evening, August 19th.

Yosemite and Return

\$19.30 Special Round \$19.30
....Trip Rate....

Tickets Sold August 1st to 31st, inclusive

Return Limit 30 days from date of sale

BEAUTIFUL SCENERY

ABUNDANT WATER IN FALLS

Excursion Rates to Lake Tahoe, Shasta, Sierras, and Other Mountain Resorts

Ask any Agent for further particulars and literature

E. SHILLINGSBURG, D. F. and P. A.
San Jose, Cal.

Southern Pacific

SCHOOL GARDENS VALUABLE.

Child Should Be Educated Out of Doors as Well as In.

The need of gardens for children, especially those residing in cities, is being more generally realized every month, and many progressive cities and towns are providing such spots for their youth. In the annual reports of the School Garden Association of New York the president says:

"After twenty-five years' experience as a teacher I am convinced that the incarceration of little children within four walls of a classroom for too long periods is a great error. The child must come into contact with nature or he is not educated. We have no choice in the matter because we were made to so develop. Therefore school gardening is worth while because it embodies an integral and fundamental element in education.

"The small garden plot is very important because it presents to every child in the school an ideal of outdoor work. Even if he cannot touch it with his own hands he can see it and watch the daily growth.

"If school gardening is worth while it should be a part of our course of study. It should be prescribed as in Chicago, Philadelphia, Washington, St. Paul and many other cities. It is best to place it in the fourth or fifth year, as these children seem to be most attracted by school garden work, and it taught in these years in after years a great many of them will take it up at home.

"A great many social betterment organizations have encouraged children to clean up their back yards, to beautify front lawns, to plant trees, to cultivate gardens on vacant lots and to do other most commendable civic acts.

"The schools, too, have quite generally beautified their surroundings wherever possible. This work has progressed with little notion of its educational value. Its training power has been thought of as incidental to the great work of making better living conditions.

"No matter how much of value may be ascribed to the other points of view, the real value of school gardening arises from the fact that it is an integral part of the education of children. The child must come into contact with the soil and its manifestations or he is not fully educated.

"The school that does not provide for a children's garden is educating only in part. The child must also work in the sun, meet the winds and buffet the storms. We cannot educate through incarceration."



CHILDREN OF CITY—ENVIRONMENT ILLUSTRATES NEED OF GARDEN.

Representative Hinebaugh concluded his statement with the assertion that "the great mail order houses have no difficulty in underselling the retail dealer, no matter how much he may reduce his margin of profit. Buying as they do from prison contractors the products of convict labor, they secure many of their manufactured articles at prices that would be utterly impossible to obtain if made by free labor. This source of supply is, of course, not open to the small retailer even if he was inclined to avail himself of it."

but nothing could ever convince me they are not both excellent people, because my window overlooks their back yard, and their back yard has a clean carpet of turf and trees and several lilac bushes beautifully in bloom, and all without a trace of careless disfigurement. And I hear the voices of children and the sound of children's games there on an evening. I believe in the testimony of back yards. They seldom deceive you, while the front is generally built for that especial purpose.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

TAX MAIL ORDER HOUSES.

Congressman Declares They Deplete Population of Towns.

The great American mail order houses are fast putting the country merchant out of business, asserts Representative Hinebaugh, the Illinois Progressive, who recently inserted in the Congressional Record in the house an argument in support of his bill taxing these concerns for rural benefits. His measure proposes that the revenue thus raised shall be expended in building country roads.

Mr. Hinebaugh says that the decrease in village population is due to the elimination of local merchants by mail order competition and that a social deterioration of rural centers is the net result.

"One mail order house in the city of Chicago has sixty-three acres of floor space," he says. "Another one in the same city, according to a statement under oath of its president, made a net profit of \$17,000,000 on last year's business. A million dollar building is to be erected by Montgomery Ward & Co. in Kansas City to duplicate its present building at Nineteenth and Campbell streets.

"This mail order corporation is also about to enter New York, San Francisco and Portland.

"It should be perfectly apparent to every thinking person that the country merchant must go out of business as the great mail order houses gradually close down upon the local markets. In eight of our great states many towns have lost population during the last ten years.

"It is contended by the friends of the mail order houses that as a great economic question the rights of the consumer and purchaser to buy wherever he can obtain the lowest prices should not be raised and that if the extension of the mail order business means the elimination of the country merchant then the country merchant must go.

"If such arguments were logically sound, which I do not admit, there is still the social, moral and religious view to be considered. The retail merchant is the backbone of the country town. The mail order house is his worst enemy. The farmers need the town, and the town must have the farmers."

"The schools, too, have quite generally beautified their surroundings wherever possible. This work has progressed with little notion of its educational value. Its training power has been thought of as incidental to the great work of making better living conditions.

"No matter how much of value may be ascribed to the other points of view, the real value of school gardening arises from the fact that it is an integral part of the education of children. The child must come into contact with the soil and its manifestations or he is not fully educated.

"The school that does not provide for a children's garden is educating only in part. The child must also work in the sun, meet the winds and buffet the storms. We cannot educate through incarceration."

MUST CARE FOR FLOWERS.

Plants Must Be Well Fed, Well Cultivated and Not Crowded.

In the Woman's Home Companion Frank A. Waugh, a well known expert, writes an article, entitled "First Aid In the Garden," an extract from which follows:

"Prevention is better than cure in the garden as in the home.

"First and foremost, beyond all else important, is the ability to resist disease. This comes with good health and exuberant growth. Plants which are well fed, well cultivated, not overcrowded and have a proper allowance of water, and which are therefore making sound and vigorous growth, rarely acquire any serious plant diseases.

Even insects, strange though it may seem, seldom attack a perfectly healthy plant or, at any rate, they nearly always appear first and most viciously on those plants or crops already weakened by disease or neglect. Thus good care and proper general management are the first and most important methods of combating plant diseases."

Testimony of a Back Yard.

I never saw my neighbor or his wife.

The Scrap Book

Turned the Joke.

They were holding the annual charity bazaar in an English town, and the rich merchant of the place, followed by his pompous footman in smart livery, was going from stall to stall, spending his money freely.



THE OLD LADY DREW NEAR.

"Ah, Mr. Fitzbrendon," said a really sweet and charming lady at one of the stalls, "and what are you going to buy? Dear old auntie and I are running this table, and we have homemade cakes, aprons, penwipers and"—

"Yes," said F., "and I'll buy just one of each. But do you sell kisses at your stall?"

"Oh, certainly!" came the ready reply. "One guinea each!"

"Right!" replied the autocrat. "Then I'll take a couple—and good measure, please!"

"Aunt," remarked the fair and dainty damsel, "forward, please! Two kisses for this gentleman!"

The old lady drew near, and for a moment the man of means was non-plussed, but only for a moment. Then he turned to his servant:

"James," he said coolly, "just take this purchase, please!"

The Past.

Still shall the soul around it call
The shadows which it gathered here,
And, painted on the eternal wall,
The past shall reappear.

Think ye the notes of holy song
On Milton's tuneful ear have died?
Think ye that Raphael's angel throng
Has vanished from his side?

Oh, no! We live our life again,
Or, warmly touched or coldly dim,
The pictures of the past remain.
Man's work shall follow him.

—Whittier.

A Startling Event.

Two Irishmen fresh from Ireland had just landed in New York and engaged a room in the top story of a hotel. Mike, being very sleepy, threw himself on the bed and was soon fast asleep. The sights were so new and strange to Pat that he sat at the window looking out. Soon an alarm of fire was rung in, and a fire engine rushed by throwing up sparks of fire and clouds of smoke. This greatly excited Pat, who called to his comrade to get up and come to the window, but Mike was fast asleep.

Another engine soon followed the first, spouting smoke and fire like the former. This was too much for Pat, who rushed excitedly to the bedside and, shaking his friend, called loudly:

"Mike! Mike! Wake up! Come quick and look! They are moving hell, and two loads have gone by already!"

—Philadelphia Ledger.

No Wonder It Was Cold.

The absentmindedness of the true scholar is well illustrated by this story: "My dear," said the professor on entering the dining room one cold day last winter, "don't alarm yourself, but a slight palsy has manifested itself in my left foot. In spite of the fact that the glass is 22 degrees above zero my right foot feels more than normally warm, whereas the left is quite rigid and stiff and cold as ice."

Upon the directions of the family physician, who was summoned without delay, the professor was put to bed, when it was discovered that he had two socks on his right foot and none on his left foot!

Thought He Was a Butter Expert.

At a party the hostess said to a guest: "I want you to entertain Mr. Blank a little. He looks bored to death. I will introduce him, and you must try to amuse him. You know his strong point is butter, on which he has written a book."

The lady guest graciously undertook the task of entertaining the man, inwardly wondering that he should be so interested in butter—of which she knew very little—when his face indicated a mind given to much profound thinking.

However, with butter in view, she

began on the weather, gradually got to the country, then on to a farm, from that to cows and at last to butter. The man looked more bored than ever, the magic word butter producing not the slightest effect, and he left her somewhat abruptly and soon withdrew from the house.

"I did my best," she explained to the hostess. "I went through agonies to prove that I was deeply interested in butter, but it was all in vain."

"Butter!" exclaimed the hostess. "What possessed you to talk to that man, of all men, on butter? I told you he had just written a book on Buddha, and I knew how deeply you two were interested in the same subject."

And they said in chorus, "Gracious!"—Strand Magazine.

Time to Fire Him.

A taxicab driver attempting to cross Madison avenue near Madison Square Garden while the big circus was playing there ran directly into the rear end of one of

Barnum & Bailey's elephants. The big animal was not half as much jarred as the machine, but he showed his displeasure by sitting down on the hood, crushing the engine and front wheels into a mass of wreckage.

The machine was dragged to its garage, and there the unlucky chauffeur was called on the carpet by the superintendent.

"How did this accident occur?" he demanded.

"Why, an elephant sat on the hood," explained the chauffeur.

"An elephant sat on the hood, did he?" repeated the superintendent. "Murphy, I've known that you've been drinking pretty hard for the past three weeks, but I didn't think you were that bad. If I had I would have fired you long ago. An elephant sat on the hood, did he? Well, you're fired!"—New York World.

Your Ideals.

Have we not all amid life's petty strife
Some pure ideal of noble life
That once seemed possible? Did we not hear

The flutter of its wings and feel it near
And just within our reach? It was, and yet

We lost it in this daily jar and fret
And now live idle in a vague regret.
But still our place is kept, and it will wait.

Ready for us to fill it, soon or late.
No star is ever lost we once have seen.
We always may be what we might have been.

—Adelaide A. Procter.

Hit Him With the Text.

"On a visit to Scotland I went to the old United Presbyterian kirk at Sacocho," said a clergyman, "and I heard a good story about a former minister. His name was the Rev. David Caw, and he was very diminutive, standing only about five feet two inches. He led to the altar a strapping, handsome lass some five or six inches taller than he, and her name was Grace Wilson.

"The Sunday after the wedding he got a neighboring minister to preach for him, so that he could sit with his bride on the first Sunday. The minister was a good deal of a wag, so Mr. Caw made him promise faithfully that he would not allude in his sermon to himself, his bride or the fact of the marriage. The wag gave the promise that in his sermon he would make no allusion of that kind whatever, but Mr. Caw nearly sank through the floor when the text was given out—Ephesians iii. 8, 'Unto me, who am less than the least of all saints, is this Grace given.'"

Poor Defenseless Men.

A certain painter in New York, though he is still a young man and looks younger, has a way of winning prizes at National Academy exhibitions and such; also he has a studio near Central park. The other day he went into the park with the sort of paraphernalia artists use when they go sketching. He picked out a place to suit him, set up his workshop and fell to very earnestly. Presently he was aware of something behind him—something with eyes. He looked up. There stood a smartly dressed young lady, aged five or thereabouts. She was frankly interested in what he was doing and met his gaze without embarrassment.

"Do you mind if a little girl looks over your shoulder?" she said.

"Not if she is a good little girl," replied the artist politely, and went on with his painting. It was some time before he looked up again. The young lady of five was still there. She caught his eye and bent toward him with an eager, coaxing smile.

"What do the naughty little girls say to you?" she whispered.—New York Post.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 14th day of July, 1913, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, passed its certain resolution of intention to order the following work to be done in said city, to-wit:

That the following described portion of Butler Avenue in said city be closed up in whole, to-wit:

Commencing at a point in the northwesterly line of Butler Avenue distant thereon fifteen feet southwesterly from the northeasterly line of Lot Numbered Fourteen (14) in Block lettered "S," and running thence southwesterly and along said line of Butler Avenue one hundred and ten (110) feet to the most southerly corner of Lot Numbered Twenty-two (22) in said block lettered "S"; thence southerly and along the southwesterly end of said Butler Avenue fifty-two and 94-100 (52.94) feet to the northwesterly corner of Lot Numbered Eleven (11) in said block lettered "R"; thence northeasterly and along the southeasterly line of Butler Avenue to a point distant thereon forty-one and 11-100 (41.11) feet southwesterly from the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Eleven (11) in said block lettered "R" and thence northerly in a direct line across Butler Avenue to the point of commencement.

That no land is necessary to be taken therefor.

That the following described district of land was thereby declared to be the district affected and benefited by said work and to be assessed to pay the costs and expenses thereof, and that said district is situated within the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, and the exterior boundaries thereof are particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point in the northwesterly line of Butler Avenue distant thereon fifteen feet southwesterly from the northeasterly line of Lot Numbered Fourteen (14) in Block lettered "S," and running thence northwesterly and parallel with said line of said lot one hundred and 36-100 (100.36) feet; thence southwesterly and parallel with the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Ten (10) in said block lettered "R"; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Twenty-two (22) in said block lettered "S"; thence southeasterly and parallel with the southwesterly line of Butler Avenue to a point in the same course distant ninety-two and 49-100 (92.49) feet southwesterly from the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Four (4) in said block lettered "R"; thence northwesterly and parallel with the southwesterly line of Chapman Avenue one hundred and two and 78-100 (102.78) feet to the southeasterly line of Butler Avenue; thence northerly in a direct line across Butler Avenue to the point of commencement.

The streets, lots and blocks above referred to are as shown and delineated on the certain "Map of Peck's Subdivision No. 1, South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.," recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, State of California, in Book 5 of Maps at page 11.

Said resolution was adopted pursuant to the provisions of that certain Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An Act to Provide for the laying out, opening, extending, widening, straightening or closing up in whole or in part any street," etc., approved March 6, 1889, and future proceedings hereunder shall be taken and had in accordance with the provisions of said Act as amended.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution of intention on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of South San Francisco.

This notice shall be published for four successive insertions in The Enterprise, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in said city, being the newspaper designated by said Board of Trustees for such publication.

South San Francisco, Cal., July 22, 1913.
GEORGE A. KNEESE,
Superintendent of Streets.

8-9-41

NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 14th day of July, 1913, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco passed its certain resolution of intention to order the following work to be done in said city, to-wit:

That the following described portion of Green Avenue in said city be closed up in whole, to-wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the northwesterly line of Green Avenue with the southwesterly line of Lewis Avenue, and running thence south fifty-one (51) degrees six (6) minutes west along the northwesterly line of Green Avenue one hundred (100) feet to the most southerly corner of Lot Numbered Eleven (11) in Block lettered "U"; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly end of Green Avenue fifty and 18-100 (50.18) feet to the most westerly corner of block lettered "S"; thence North fifty-one (51) degrees six (6) minutes East and along the southwesterly line of Green Avenue one hundred ten (110) feet; thence northwesterly in a direct line across said Green Avenue to the point of commencement.

That no land is necessary to be taken therefor.

That the following described district of land was thereby declared to be the district affected and benefited by said work and to be assessed to pay the costs and expenses thereof, and that said district is situated within the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, and the exterior boundaries thereof are particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the northwesterly line of Green Avenue with the southwesterly line of Lewis Avenue, and running thence northwesterly and along said line of Lewis Avenue fifty and 18-100 (50.18) feet to the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Ten (10) in Block lettered "U"; thence southwesterly and along said line of Lot Numbered Ten (10) one hundred (100) feet; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly line of Lots Numbered Ten (10) and Eleven (11) in block lettered "U"; and the southwesterly end of Green Avenue and the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Twenty-one (21) in Block lettered "S" to the most southerly corner of said lot numbered twenty-one; thence northeasterly and parallel with the southwesterly line of Green Avenue one hundred and 36-100 (100.36) feet to the southeasterly line of Green Avenue; thence northwesterly in a direct line across Green Avenue to the point of commencement.

Saving and excepting therefrom that portion of said Green Avenue which is included and contained in the aforesaid described district.

The streets, lots and blocks above referred to are as shown, designated and delineated on the certain "Map of Peck's Subdivision No. 1, South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.," recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, State of California, in Book 5 of Maps at page 11.

Said resolution was adopted pursuant to the provisions of that certain Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An Act to Provide for the laying out, opening, extending, widening, straightening or closing up in whole or in part any street," etc., approved March 6, 1889, and future proceedings hereunder shall be taken and had in accordance with the provisions of said Act as amended.

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South San Francisco, Cal., July 22, 1913.
GEORGE A. KNEESE,
Superintendent of Streets.

8-9-41

The American Code

How It Was Adhered to in Italy

By THOMAS R. DEAN

In Europe, while the spirit of dueling has died out, the form remains, except in England, where the people have always been one or two centuries ahead of those on the continent. Every now and again some Englishman or American in France or Germany or Italy finds himself up against a system with which he has no sympathy and for which in America no preparation is required.

The American has an advantage in getting out of such affairs without discredit in his inexhaustible assurance and resource. Some years ago a party of Americans got together at the principal hotel in Rome on the Esquiline hill, making each other's acquaintance easily, as Americans abroad do, visiting the sights together or at least meeting together at dinner after having done so during the day. There were both men and women among them, mostly young and full of life and spirits.

One of the men, Ernest Denbigh, who owned a ranch in New Mexico, had brought letters to the American minister, and that functionary, having taken a fancy to him, presented him at court and procured invitations for him in society. Since there was nothing mean about a man who had spent several years of his life in the wild and woolly west of America, he helped such members of the party he had fallen in with as desired to see Roman society.

At a ball at the Quirinal palace Denbigh was introduced to the Princess Asconti, a beautiful girl, who fell desperately in love with him. Moreover, the young lady, being one of the poorer members of the Italian nobility, was not averse to wedding an American



PINCIANO THREW DOWN HIS CARDS.

who, though he was without a title, was, as all Americans abroad are supposed to be, very rich.

Denbigh was as much smitten with the princess as she was with him, and the course of true love might have run smooth enough had it not been that Prince Pinciano, an equerry to the king, was himself in love with the princess and did not propose to give her up without a struggle.

One evening Denbigh and one of his American friends, Clarkson, were at one of the fashionable clubs in Rome playing baccarat. Pinciano came in and joined in the game. Denbigh had no knowledge of the prince or of his pretensions to the hand of the Princess Asconti. He was therefore greatly surprised when Pinciano threw down his cards and, pointing to Denbigh, declared that he would play no more with that lowborn American who made money by cheating, and, rising, left the room.

Denbigh at once called for an investigation, but a member of the club took him aside and told him that the charge was well understood to be a mere pretext to keep the name of a lady from being connected with a duel which was inevitable between himself and his accuser. On being assured that he would not suffer any stigma from the charge itself he withdrew his request. But he was given to understand that if he did not challenge Pinciano he would be obliged to give up the social position he occupied and would be cut by his Roman acquaintances.

Denbigh and Clarkson immediately

left the club and, going to the hotel, called a conclave of the young men of the party. Two of them had not gone to bed. The other, who had done so, was awakened by the party entering his room and turning on the lights.

Clarkson before leaving the club had been told that Pinciano was experienced both with the foils and the pistol. Denbigh had no skill with the foils, but had while on his ranch practiced the quick shooting in vogue in western America. The question was, Should he claim his privilege as an American of declining what was virtually a challenge, or, if he must fight, how do so without being at a disadvantage? After some debate, in which the principal took no part and which resulted in his being advised to stand on his dignity rather than yield to a custom handed down from the middle ages, Denbigh said:

"Clarkson, I wish you would go back to the club, find the man with whom Pinciano has left his case and say to him that if he thinks to force me into a position all to his advantage he is much mistaken. I am not an Italian used to Italian methods, but an American used to American methods. His charge is generally understood to be a pretext. Technically, if I fight him, I must challenge him. I will not fight him unless he will consent to consider his action at the club this evening not an insult, but a challenge. If he agrees to this you are authorized to accept the challenge, and, since this gives me the choice of weapons, you may arrange the affair in this way:

"At 4 o'clock in the morning I will start from this hotel, walk down the Via Cavour to the main thoroughfare leading to the Pincian gardens and, turning into it, walk toward them. The prince is to leave the gardens at the same time and walk in this direction. When we meet either may open fire at will with revolvers. Either may take to a side street or any article of defense he may find handy."

It was generally agreed among the consulting party that if Denbigh really meant to fight this was the best position that could be suggested. Clarkson went to the club, where he found Captain Carlucci ready to receive any communication he might have from Denbigh. When Clarkson delivered his message the captain looked surprised.

"But we do not fight that way here in Italy," he protested, "nor is it done anywhere in Europe."

"And we do not fight your way in America. It is your principal that desires to fight mine, not mine yours, and since the prince desires a meeting he must consent to the methods used in the only part of America where quarrels are settled by arms, and every day such cases are becoming more rare as civilization spreads over a country that has been gradually passing from savages to white men."

The captain said that he would submit the proposition to his principal and withdrew for that purpose. Clarkson lighted a cigarette and looked over periodicals for some time, during which he was thinking what would be the effect of a proposition so entirely at variance with the European code duello. Presently a member of the club came to him and said that the prince had referred the message to a committee for its decision as to what reply he should send to Denbigh. The committee had sent Clarkson's informant to him to protest against any such custom being engrafted upon the Italian code and would be pleased if Signor Denbigh would fight according to the code if the prince were considered the challenger, the challenged man choosing the foils or the pistol, according to accepted rules.

Clarkson took the responsibility upon himself of replying to this for his principal in the negative. Denbigh would fight, if he must fight, under protest, since there was no just cause for a quarrel between him and the prince. But if forced to fight he would only do so in accordance with the custom of his own country. Having delivered himself of this reply, Clarkson lighted another cigarette, took up a newspaper, and the messenger went back to the committee with the message.

There is a proper sense of courtesy to visitors in all countries. The committee recognized that it occupied a delicate position. An American gentleman had visited Rome, been introduced to society by the representative of his government and had become popular. A Roman lady had accepted his attentions. A rival, an Italian of high rank, had sought to eliminate him from the lady's circle, first, by an accusation which was untrue and, second, by forcing him to fight under the Italian code, which had no standing in America. While the committee recognized that a pretext was necessary in a case where a lady was involved, the whole matter appeared to it as an inhospitable act to a visitor to Italy.

Its decision was that if Prince Pinciano insisted on the meeting he must accept Denbigh's terms. But it recommended that under the circumstances the Italian make a statement

that he had been mistaken in accusing Denbigh of having cheated at cards and apologize for having made the charge.

The first information Clarkson had of all this was when a door was opened and the prince's friend, Captain Carlucci, entered, bearing a written statement and apology from his principal to Denbigh. Clarkson concealed his delight. He folded the paper, put it in his pocket, bowed formally to the captain and leisurely left the club. But as soon as he reached the sidewalk he called a cab and, putting 5 lira in advance into the driver's hand, told him to drive in a hurry to the hotel. Though it was now 2 o'clock in the morning the party were awaiting him.

"An apology!" he explained, throwing the paper he had brought at Denbigh.

"Read it aloud!" cried every man present.

Denbigh read the apology, and after a celebration in honor of the event the party went to bed.

The next day the episode was the talk of Rome, but very few knew that a lady had been the cause. The princess soon heard of it and was told that Pinciano had sought to clear the field of a preferred suitor for her hand. When she met him at a ball in the evening she ignored him.

However, there was no match between her and Denbigh, for her family objected to her going to America, and Denbigh would not consent to become an Italian.

Seasonable Sashes.

Some sashes are tied around the waist; others droop over the hips with the knot low at one side of the back. The futurist flowered sash ties in this



MANY WAYS OF TYING SASHES.

way. The striped one ties at the left side of the back. These are only a few vagaries of the summer waist adornment.



If in doubt what to wear to a smart dinner, note the elegant toilet illustrated here. The model was of turquoise blue charmeuse satin, with a tunic of pale green tulle and a border

Woman's World

Mrs. Guilford Plans Suffrage Roller Chair Parade.



MRS. ELLA GUILFORD.

Suffrage on the board walk! Yes; it has reached even that stage. You simply can't get away from the yellow banners with their inscriptions "Votes For Women" nowadays.

Coney Island was invaded long ago. So has been the solemnity of baseball fields all over the country, and it is really not surprising after all that the "cause" has popped its irrepressible head up on the board walk of Atlantic City.

Devoted to pleasure and fatal to thought as this same board walk is, it has responded with delightful courtesy to the presence of an alien. In a land where nothing grows but taffy, an occasional mosquito, rolling chairs and moving pictures a little touch of a serious nature is as welcome as a black velvet bow on a light summer frock.

The invader of the board walk this summer will be the suffrage roller chair parade, which is to take place in a few weeks. Mrs. Ella Guilford, an ardent New York suffragist, was the instigator of this very novel idea. No speechmaking is permitted on the board walk at Atlantic City, but the superintendent has promised permission for a "voiceless parade." Just see what women can suffer for a great cause!

Fifty chairs, with women gowned in yellow and white, carrying yellow banners, will make the historic board walk sit up and take notice, thanks to the efforts of Mrs. Guilford.



A dainty cap and a pair of shoes for an infant are illustrated here. The material used was rather coarse linen. The cap was embroidered with white flax and the shoes in colors.

of orchids embroidered in mauve, gold and white. The girdle was of satin, caught in front with a flower of violet velvet, with a caste ornament as its center.

Clever Conundrums.

How is it that summer passes so quietly? Because there is so often an evening mist.

What is that which is invisible, yet never out of sight? The letter S.

Why is an umbrella like dried fish? Because it isn't often seen after lent.

Why is a fly taller than most men? Because he stands over six feet.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE OF SALE.

In the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California. O. Bozlo, Plaintiff, vs. Emma C. Nilsen, as Executrix of the last will of Peter Nilsen, deceased, Emma C. Nilsen, Patrick Bengtson and Emil Larson, Defendants.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, on the 26th day of July A. D. 1913, in the above-entitled action, in said Superior Court, wherein the above-named Plaintiff obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure against the said defendants on the 26th day of July A. D. 1913, which said judgment and decree was on the 26th day of July A. D. 1913, recorded in judgment book 80 said Court, at page 324, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the County of San Mateo, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:

All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in the County of San Mateo, State of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point forming a sharp angle of the junction of the Old San Jose Road, or Camino Real, with the New County or Telegraph Road, being the extension of Mission Street, said point being One Hundred Twenty-three (123) feet and Six (6) inches East of a place called Puerto Suelo; thence running North 40 1/2 degrees East, Three Hundred Ninety (390) feet and Nine (9) inches along the southerly line of the old San Jose Road; thence at Right Angles South 49 1/2 degrees East One Hundred Ninety-six (196) feet and Six (6) inches to the County Road or Mission Street; thence along the northerly line of the County Road or Mission Street South 47 degrees 5 minutes West, Four Hundred Thirty-seven (437) feet to the point of commencement; Containing 88-100 of an acre.

And public notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 25th day of August A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, at the Court House door in Redwood City in the County of San Mateo, State of California, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash Gold Coin of the United States.

Dated August 2, A. D. 1913. J. H. MANSFIELD, Commissioner appointed by said Court. P. A. Bergerot, Attorney for Plaintiff, 110 Sutter Street, San Francisco. 8-2-14

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of "Charles Guidi and Company," in the City of South San Francisco, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Ernest W. Langenbach having sold his share in the stock and business to Charles Guidi, who will conduct and carry on said business hereafter. All persons who are indebted to the undersigned are respectfully requested to come forward and make payment immediately. ERNEST W. LANGENBACH. CHARLES GUIDI. Dated the 1st day of August, 1913. 8-9-14

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